

MGI pathogens metagenomic sequencing products [%] package based on DNBSEQ-G99

A fast and accurate sequencing solution that provides a powerful tool for the identification of unknown pathogens and epidemiological research.

Highlights

Fast turnaround time throughout the entire process

With the DNBSEQ-G99ARS sequencer, library preparation, sequencing, and analysis can be completed in 14.5 hours.

• Excellent data quality

The unique DNBSEQ sequencing technology provides high-quality sequencing data for down-stream analysis.

High level of automation

Combined with the MGISP-100 and data analysis software, automated library preparation and data analysis can be achieved, reducing manual labor.

• Comprehensive analysis capabilities

The self-developed software meets the needs of pathogen identification, genome assembly, mutation monitoring, and traceability requirements.

Introduction

Based on MGI's reagents, automated sample preparation systems, high-throughput sequencing platforms and data processing systems, the entire process from sample to result is covered. This enables fast and accurate high-throughput sequencing of samples, allowing for pathogenic microbiome typing, genome assembly, prediction of virulence and drug resistance genes, and systematic evolutionary analysis, provides tool for the precise identification, monitoring, early warning, tracing of epidemics.





DNBSEQ-G99ARS is one of the fastest models among global mid-sized sequencer. capable of completing PE150 sequencing in 12 hours. It provides efficient and high-quality data output. With built-in computational modules, it achieves integration of sequencing and bioinformatics analysis. It can be used with the BBS (Bioanalysis By Sequencing) to perform data analysis in SE40. SE100, and PE100 formats, enabling rapid identification of pathogens.

Table 1. Parameters

| Intended use | Reads length | Reads number | Samples/FC | |
|---------------|------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| DNA pathogens | Identification: SE50 | Identification: 20M | Identification: 4 samples/FC | |
| sequencing | Genome assemble: PE100 | Genome assemble: 80M | Genome assemble: 1 samples/FC | |

The MGAP is based on MPS and genomics technology, which enables the assembly of genomes, systematic evolutionary analysis, and automatic calculation of variation detection results from sequencing data. It also allows flexible selection of analysis modules according to specific needs. The Pathogen Fast Identification software (PFI) is a microbial rapid identification system developed based on the DNBSEQ sequencing platform. It enables fast and accurate identification of microorganisms in the original specimens, automatically generating analysis results, and providing reference for the study of infectious diseases.

Performance

The library preparation. sequencing. and analysis were performed on four simulated pathogen samples (NA12878 standard + microbial DNA). The results after sequencing are as follows: total reads > 110M. Q30 > 95%. split rate > 96%. The data output and quality are excellent.

Table 2. Data QC

| Total reads (M) | Q30 (%) | SplitRate (%) |
|-----------------|---------|---------------|
| 110.17 | 95.22 | 96.95 |

The pathogen identification results of the four simulated samples are consistent with expectations, and the abundance of reads detected for each bacterial species is close to the theoretical abundance, as shown in Table 3.

| Species | Sample1 | Sample2 | Sample3 | Sample4 | theoretical abundance | Mean | SD | CV |
|-------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|--------|-------|-------|
| Salmonella enterica | 15.87% | 15.60% | 15.72% | 15.87% | 12.00% | 15.77% | 0.13% | 0.008 |
| Pseudomonas aeruginosa | 14.12% | 14.00% | 13.83% | 14.12% | 12.00% | 14.02% | 0.14% | 0.010 |
| Bacillus subtilis | 13.30% | 13.14% | 13.46% | 13.30% | 12.00% | 13.30% | 0.13% | 0.010 |
| Escherichia coli | 11.75% | 12.32% | 11.90% | 11.75% | 12.00% | 11.93% | 0.27% | 0.023 |
| Enterococcus faecalis | 11.13% | 11.30% | 11.24% | 11.13% | 12.00% | 11.20% | 0.08% | 0.008 |
| Listeria monocytogenes | 11.12% | 11.02% | 11.12% | 11.12% | 12.00% | 11.10% | 0.05% | 0.005 |
| Staphylococcus aureus | 10.18% | 10.23% | 10.30% | 10.18% | 12.00% | 10.22% | 0.06% | 0.006 |
| Limosilactobacillus fermentum | 9.52% | 9.48% | 9.46% | 9.52% | 12.00% | 9.50% | 0.03% | 0.003 |
| Cryptococcus neoformans | 1.49% | 1.49% | 1.52% | 1.49% | 2.00% | 1.50% | 0.02% | 0.010 |
| Saccharomyces cerevisiae | 1.47% | 1.42% | 1.45% | 1.47% | 2.00% | 1.45% | 0.02% | 0.016 |

Table 3. Identification results

Taking one of the samples as an example, the PFI software was used to identify the species and subspecies levels. The identification results are shown in Table 4 and Table 5, and they are consistent with expectations.

| Туре | Scientific Name | Real Reads | Estimated Reads | Relative Abundance |
|----------|-------------------------------|------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Bacteria | Salmonella enterica | 16,432 | 30,820 | 15.96% |
| Bacteria | Pseudomonas aeruginosa | 1,340 | 26,947 | 13.96% |
| Bacteria | Bacillus subtilis | 12,406 | 25,682 | 13.30% |
| Bacteria | Escherichia coli | 653 | 22,875 | 11.85% |
| Bacteria | Enterococcus faecalis | 20,022 | 21,947 | 11.37% |
| Bacteria | Listeria monocytogenes | 13,728 | 21,183 | 10.97% |
| Bacteria | Staphylococcus aureus | 10,950 | 19,885 | 10.30% |
| Bacteria | Limosilactobacillus fermentum | 16,331 | 18,025 | 9.34% |
| Fungi | Cryptococcus neoformans | 2,736 | 2,894 | 1.50% |
| Fungi | Saccharomyces cerevisiae | 2,191 | 2,798 | 1.45% |

Table 4. species identification results

Table 5. subspecies identification results

| Туре | Scientific Name | Real Reads | Estimated Reads | Relative Abundance |
|-------|---|------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Fungi | Saccharomyces cerevisiae S288C | 2,187 | 3,158 | 52.10% |
| Fungi | Cryptococcus neoformans var. grubii | 988 | 1,517 | 25.03% |
| Fungi | Cryptococcus neoformans var. neoformans | 1,365 | 1,384 | 22.84% |

Our software also performed analysis and annotation of virulence and resistance factors for this sample. The results are shown in Table 6 and Table 7. The analysis results can provide reference for studying the pathogenic mechanisms and drug resistance of microorganisms.

| Virulence Factor | Microorganism | Virulence Protein | Coverage | Depth |
|---|---|-------------------------|----------|-------|
| ospC4 | Shigella boydii Sb227 | VFG012785(gl:3776756) | 57.00 | 5.58 |
| ycbV) putative fimbrial-like protein [E. coli YcbQ laminin-binding fimbriae (ELF | Escherichia coli O157:H7 str. EDL933 | VFG042403(gi:15800803) | 84.90 | 2.49 |
| pilV | Pseudomonas aeruginosa PAO1 | VFG001207(gb NP_253241) | 78.82 | 2.15 |
| vgrG2 | Pseudomonas aeruginosa PAO1 | VFG041012(gi:15596708) | 74.92 | 1.97 |
| fliS | Escherichia coli O157:H7 str. EDL933 | VFG043104(gi:15802360) | 86.34 | 1.94 |
| sfaB | Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus str. Newman | VFG044275(gi:151222292) | 88.28 | 1.94 |
| sbnG | Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus str. Newman | VFG044260(gi:151220278) | 81.90 | 1.93 |
| fiil | Escherichia coli O157:H7 str. EDL933 | VFG043110(gi:161367587) | 90.82 | 1.89 |
| fss1 | Enterococcus faecalis V583 | VFG043508(gb NP_813892) | 83.63 | 1.78 |
| cheY | Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhimurium str. LT2 | VFG043037(gi:16765258) | 93.32 | 1.77 |

Table 6. virulence genes analysis result

Table 7. Resistance genes analysis results

| Group | Gene | Class | Mechanism | Туре | Coverage | Depth |
|----------------|----------|---------------------------------|--|----------------|----------|-------|
| TETL | MEG_7095 | Tetracyclines | Tetracycline resistance MFS efflux pumps | Drugs | 98.76 | 15.26 |
| ANT4- PRIME | MEG_978 | Aminoglycosides | Aminoglycoside O- nucleotidyltransferases | Drugs | 98.57 | 12.72 |
| TETL | MEG_7093 | Tetracyclines | Tetracycline resistance MFS efflux pumps | Drugs | 82.49 | 10.17 |
| QACG | MEG_5846 | Drug and biocide resistance | Drug and biocide SMR efflux pumps | Multi-compound | 99.38 | 4.29 |
| ANT4- PRIME | MEG_981 | Aminoglycosides | Aminoglycoside O- nucleotidyltransferases | Drugs | 86.36 | 4.29 |
| ANT4- PRIME | MEG_983 | Aminoglycosides | Aminoglycoside O- nucleotidyltransferases | Drugs | 52.04 | 2.63 |
| ZUPT | MEG_7865 | Biocide and metal resistance | Biocide and metal resistance protein | Multi-compound | 82.56 | 2.26 |
| SITB | MEG_6514 | Biocide and metal resistance | Biocide and metal ABC efflux pumps | Multi-compound | 87.09 | 1.71 |
| MEXE | MEG_3909 | Drug and biocide resistance | Drug and biocide RND efflux pumps | Multi-compound | 79.42 | 1.69 |
| ACRA | MEG_399 | Drug and biocide resistance | Drug and biocide RND efflux pumps | Multi-compound | 86.84 | 1.68 |

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Ordering information

| Products | Specifications | ltem No. |
|---|----------------|---------------|
| Sequencer | | |
| DNA Sequencing Library Preparation System MGISP-100RS | Standard | 900-000206-00 |
| DNBSEQ-G99ARS | With server | 900-000609-00 |
| Reagent | | |
| MGIEasy Fast FS DNA Library Prep Set | 96 RXN | 940-000027-00 |
| MGIEasy Fast FS DNA Library Prep Set | 16 RXN | 940-000029-00 |
| DNBSEQ OneStep DNB Make Reagent Kit | 4 RXN | 1000026466 |
| High-throughput Sequencing Set (G99 SM FCL PE150) | 1 Test / Kit | 940-000410-00 |
| Software | | |
| Platform of microorganisms Fast Identification software | | 970-000208-00 |
| MGI MGAP | —— | 970-000109-00 |

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